

6. Resolved, That liberty consists in the utmost freedom of individual will, individual action, and individual responsibility. That to secure this, is the proper object of government. That the genius of Despotism always aims at the transfer of power from man to his individual, to men in their collective capacity; hence the first object is to concentrate the utmost power in government—the next is the creation of an aristocracy, by letters patent or acts of incorporation, both aiming at the establishment of a permanent order, with hereditary or corporate succession, endowed with privileges and exemptions, and invested with a monopoly of some great source of power and profit in the community. Hence all the reforms of modern government have consisted in wresting power from men in their collective capacity, to restore it to man in his individual capacity.

7. Resolved, That feudal aristocracy was founded on sounder and nobler principles than the corporate aristocracy of the present day. The powers and privileges of ancient baronage were conferred in consideration of services, of eminent ability, virtue, or public service, and were held on condition of rendering extraordinary aid to the state. But corporate privileges, and even the great public trust of regulating the currency are now conferred on men without any pretensions to ability, public service, or even any guarantee of probity—but upon the sole condition of subscribing stock; thus delegating the most fearful and irresponsible power over the industry and property of the land to those to whom accident or artifice may have given the sole qualifications.

8. Resolved, That the corporate privilege of concentrated means, limited liability and protracted succession beyond the casualties and conditions of individual action, ought not to be conferred on money, which is one of the forces of society, already too influential to be duly restrained by moral and intellectual power, which can derive no advantages from corporate existence.

9. Resolved, That before the Bank law of last winter the people of Ohio were making rapid progress in prosperity, notwithstanding the recent extinction of the greater part of their previous banks. The people had discovered by the sudden cessation of half the banks in 1842, without reducing prices or impeding improvement, that banks were not required for the useful purposes of trade and industry, and the remaining banks might have expired and with them all agitation of the currency question, and consequent disturbance and uncertainty of business. But the Whig Legislature has resolved to tinker the currency again—to renew agitation—to re-establish instability, and to destroy confidence by bringing back all the discordant elements of fluctuation.

10. Resolved, That the attempt to raise prices by the creation of banks is equally impracticable and disastrous. If the prices of produce in Ohio should be advanced by the new banks, all who buy such produce, even if citizens of Ohio themselves, would resort to neighboring States to make their purchases—on Ohio produce would accumulate until it should fall in price again, or rot. If the price of labor in Ohio were increased above that of other States, how could we sell the produce of that labor as low as other States? And if we could not sell as low as they, we could not sell at all. If the prices of merchandise imported into the State were advanced more than elsewhere, we should soon be filled with the goods of other States and foreign countries—and all our hard money taken away in payment.

11. Resolved, That the public revenue of Ohio amounts, each year, to more than two millions. To accept bank notes in payment thereof is to lend the banks that sum of the people's money without interest, a privilege for which the banker pays no equivalent, whilst he exacts interest from every one of the people who borrows of him so that he makes the people pay interest on two millions of their own money. The whole circulation of the banks, whilst in the hands of the people, is in fact a loan from the holder to the banks, amounting, on an average, to five or six millions—and no, these loans the banks receive an interest of about half a million annually.

12. Resolved, That inasmuch as the paper money system is not only useless, but unprofitable, immoral, unsafe, and despotic, it becomes the duty of the State to abstain from giving it countenance in future by taking paper as money in the collection of State revenue. It is neither right, nor proper, nor democratic for a government of the people to take for money the promises of a small class of the people, and that class the rich, and refuse the promises of the great mass who live by their labor.

13. Resolved, That the existence of paper money being thus an evil of such magnitude public morals and public policy require of the Legislature to prohibit Courts of Justice in future from sanctioning or enforcing any contract or transaction in such a currency.

14. Resolved, That the repeal of the Bank law of Ohio, the collection of the revenue of the State in gold and silver, and the Legislative and Judicial invalidation of all future transactions in paper money, will free the people of Ohio of the curse of paper currency, either from their own or the banks of surrounding States—and will in our day, bring on "a golden age."

15. Resolved, That an organized concentrated and privileged money power is one of deadly hostility to liberty. That the Democracy of Ohio has too long tolerated such an interest from a mistaken and dangerous spirit of compromise and expediency. That the hour has at length arrived to decide whether this shall be a government of persons or of property, of men or money. That we therefore repudiate any further concession to the enemy in any form or reform of banking, experience having proved all such measures to be unsafe or ineffectual. Democracy, therefore, calls on all her sons to stand by the constitutional currency, and whosoever shall falter or betray the cause in this great crisis of

its fate shall be henceforth and forever an outcast and exile from Democratic confidence and honor.

And the Preamble and Resolutions passed unanimously.

W. M. Corry offered the following resolutions on the tariff of 1842:

Resolved, That we are opposed to the tariff of 1842, or any other protective tariff, because we believe

1. That Congress has no constitutional power to bestow the favor of the Government on one branch of industry more than another.

2. That such a policy is unwise and unprofitable, as individual enterprise and sagacity are the surest guides to the profitable employment of capital and labor.

3. That the tariff of 1824 is not only an invidious and unjust discrimination between different classes of labor, but it is a measure for the benefit of particular sections of the Union to the detriment of the south and west especially.

Resolved, That a Committee of five be appointed to correspond with the Secretary of the Treasury for the purpose of communicating the effect of the tariff of 1843 on the agricultural and other interests of the west.

Which were passed unanimously, and thereupon the following gentlemen were appointed said Committee by the Convention, viz: Elwood Fisher, Wm. F. Johnson, A. W. Anderson, Charles Roemelin, and John Groff.

On motion of W. F. Johnson, the following preamble and resolution were also passed.

Whereas, Some two years ago, the Senate and House of Representatives of Ohio condescended to demagogue upon the compensation of officers, and reduced their salaries and per diem allowance to sums so small, as either to throw a burden upon men of ordinary circumstances too great to be borne, or to throw the officers into the hands of men of wealth. Therefore

Resolved, That the democracy of Ohio be able to pay their public servants a reasonable compensation.

"THE DEMOCRATIC PIONEER" is the title of a new paper lately started at Upper Sandusky, Ohio, by W. T. GILES, Editor and Publisher. It is edited with spirit and ability, and we are inclined to believe will take the right way to sweep the federal foe from their present ill gotten and ill deserved power.—We hope the paper will be successful.

NEW YORK ANTI-RENTERS.—Gov. Wright of New York has issued his proclamation, declaring the county of Delaware in a state of insurrection! The authorities, civil and military, are called on to enforce the law.—It is said vigorous measures will be adopted. Adjutant General Farrington has already left Albany for Delhi, the county seat of Delaware.

The Union states that the latest news from Mexico is, that there will be no declaration of war; and that Gen. Herrero is elected President.

Michael Leatherman, Esq. of Allen County is the Democratic Candidate for Representative from the District composed the counties of Van Wert, Mercer and Allen.

YUCATAN.—The refusal by the authorities of Yucatan to join the Mexican Government in a war against the United States, is an important fact, that cannot fail to exercise a political influence on current events. It shows at least that the feelings of hostility, which is so clamorous against this country at the capital, does not extend to the remote Departments. The province of Yucatan has ever been distinguished for its liberal notions. It fought against Santa Anna, and resisted the establishment of Centralism successfully. And for some time past, its position has been one of almost entire independence of the General Government. The event is no doubt within the recollection of our readers, that during the revolution which broke out there several years ago, Yucatan formed an alliance with Texas, and co-operated with the Texan fleet, under Commodore Moore, in waging war upon Mexico. The population, we are told, are superior as a great mass to the rest of the Mexicans. The proportion of whites, of the European Spanish blood, among them, is greater, and education is more extensively diffused. The people of that province have shown a decided capability for self-government, but their remoteness has prevented the exercise of an influence that, if exerted, might yet redeem Mexico. Considering the character and position of Yucatan, it is not at all surprising that the public authorities have refused their sanction to hostilities against the United States. We should rather expect them to favor than to oppose the progress of annexation. The same feeling, to a great extent, no doubt pervades the liberal and enlightened classes throughout Mexico. They are conscious of the total incompetency of the Mexican rabble to govern themselves; and lamenting over the certain ruin which turbulence and anarchy are bringing on their country, would gladly welcome the extension of American institutions, and rejoice to see the 'area of freedom' advancing its boundary South of Tehuantepec.—N. O. Bulletin.

CANAL BOATS LOST.—Last week the General Wayne Steamer undertook to tow from Cleveland to this place, six canal boats.—When near Avon—some twenty miles westward from Cleveland—the wind blew so strong as to chafe the towing lines so much as to cut them adrift. The boats of course were all driven ashore, with how much damage, we have not learned. But one of them was insured.

This is quite a loss at this time when additional boats are greatly needed to carry forward the large cargoes of goods constantly arriving for the south west. We would not employ a Monroe steamer to bring canal boats through the lake to Toledo.—Toledo Blade.

DIED.
On Monday, the 15th inst., at the house of William Phillips, near Kalida, Ann Wall, aged 89 years.

Independent Nomination.
To the Electors of the Counties of Putnam, Paulding, Defiance, Williams and Henry, composing together one Representative District:—

The undersigned presents himself before you as an independent candidate for Representative. Believing that the interests of this district have been long neglected, he now proposes to call your attention to them. Among their interests he regards the Miami Extension Canal Lands and the Wabash and Erie Canal Lands as the most prominent, and that an early occupation of these lands by actual settlers would be of immense benefit to you. We therefore will advocate a surrender of those lands to actual settlers, in quantities of 40 or 80 acres to each settler, upon the condition only that such settlers shall actually and continually occupy the same in a time of not less than five years, and at the end of that time to receive a deed for the same. Should the Electors see fit to elect the undersigned as their Representative, he will devote his best efforts to the attainment of this object. In the meantime he will address the Electors in support of this measure, and set forth his views in relation to it, at the following times and places, to wit:

At Napoleon, Henry County, Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 7 P. M.
At Bryan, Williams County, Thursday, Sept. 25, at 1 P. M.
At Defiance, Defiance County, Friday, Sept. 26, at 1 P. M.
At Charles, Paulding County, Saturday, Sept. 27, at 1 P. M.
And in the County of Putnam, at Gilboa, Saturday, October 4, at 7 P. M.
And in Kalida, Monday, October 6, at 7 P. M.
If Mr. Kuapp, the democratic candidate, will attend at these meetings time and opportunity will be afforded him to address the Electors.

JOHN J. ACKERMAN.
Kalida, Putnam County, Ohio, Sept. 15, 1845.

Democratic County Convention.

The Democratic of the several Townships of the County are requested to assemble at the Court House, in Napoleon, on Tuesday, the 23d inst., at 2 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of nominating two Commissioners. One Auditor, one Treasurer, one Surveyor, and one Prosecuting Attorney, to be supported by the people at the next annual Election.

The several Townships are entitled to the following number of delegates in the County Convention, to wit:—Damascus, 2; Richland, 2; Myo, 2; Liberty, 2; Harrison, 4; Napoleon, 5; Flat Rock, 4; Ridgeville, 2; Freedom, 4; Pleasant, 5.

ADDISON GOODYER,
JAMES G. HALY,
N. A. GRAVES,
JOHN FULLER,
WILLIAM PIPER.

Democratic Central Committee.
Napoleon, Ohio, Sept. 6th, 1845.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, and to me directed, I shall offer at public sale at the house of Henry Shank, in the township of Richland, in the County of Putnam and State of Ohio, on Tuesday, the 26th day of September, A. D. 1845, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described goods and chattels, to wit:—
One yoke of oxen, two cows, one sorrel mare, one bay horse, and one wind mill, taken in execution as the property of Henry Shank, at the suit of James H. Vall.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 16th, 1845. 238b

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, and to me directed, I shall offer at public sale at the house of Henry Shank, in the township of Richland, in the County of Putnam, and State of Ohio, on Monday, the 25th day of September, A. D. 1845, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M., and 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day, the following described goods and chattels, to wit:—
One one horse wagon, taken in execution as the property of Isaac McHenry, at the suit of Elmer Bartshorn.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, September, 16, 1845. 238b

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas, of Erie County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the house of Matthew Chambers in Gilboa, on Saturday, the 27th day of September, next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock, P. M., of said day the following described goods and chattels, to wit:—
Three eight day brass clocks, one musical brass clock, one set of Blacksmith tools, one yoke of oxen, red, and white, one sorrel horse, one grey horse, one bay stall horse, one Durham heifer, one horse buggy, and one two horse wagon, taken as the property of Mathew Chambers, Stansberry Sutton, and others, to satisfy a judgment in favor of Gordin C. Coit and others.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 16th, 1845. 238b

EXTRA S. DODD'S ESTATE.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Subscribes has been appointed and qualified as Administrator on the estate of EXTRA S. DODD, late of Henry County deceased. Dated Damascus this 8th day of September.

SARAH A. DODD, Adm'r.
of E. S. Dodd dec'd.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a Decreeal order to me directed from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of day Court House in said county on Monday, the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The east half of the south west quarter and the north west quarter of the south west quarter of section No. eighteen in township one south range eight east, situated in said county of Putnam, and taken as the property of Samuel Hooper, to satisfy a decree in Chancery in favour of Nathaniel H. Bagley.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in Kalida, in said county on Monday, the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The north west quarter of the north east quarter of section nineteen, town one south, range eight east, containing forty acres, taken as the property of Archibald and Melinda Powell at the suit of James Wilson.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in Kalida, in said county on Monday, the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The north west quarter of the north east quarter of section nineteen, town one south, range eight east, containing forty acres, taken as the property of Archibald and Melinda Powell at the suit of James Wilson.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

FASHIONABLE
TAILORING.
JOSEPH TINGLE,
RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Kalida and the surrounding country that he carries on the business of TAILORING in all its branches. He regularly receives plates of the LATEST FASHIONS from Philadelphia, and is prepared to fulfill all orders in his line of business in a tasteful and workmanlike manner. CUTTING done to order on the shortest notice. Prices to suit the times. Shop next house above T. Coulter's store. Kalida, July 8, 1845. 238.

WESTERN HOTEL, (Gilboa.)
CHRISTIAN HIEZ
HAS purchased the well known tavern stand in Gilboa, Putnam County, Ohio, lately occupied by John E. Creighton, and has fitted the same up for the accommodation of the public. He hopes, by a strict attention to the wants and convenience of those who may favor him with their patronage, to merit continuance of the same. Gilboa, Feb., 144.

LAND AGENCY.
THE subscriber has established a Land Agency at Kalida, Ohio, for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, payment of Taxes, &c. in the Counties of Putnam, Paulding and Van Wert, he being connected with the American Association Agency, which extends throughout the United States and the principal States of Europe, expects to be of essential benefit to all who engage his services.
GEO. SKINNENEY
Kalida, Ohio, Feb. 24, 1844.

Great Reduction of Price!
PROSPECTUS OF THE
DEMOCRATIC REVIEW.

THE price of the DEMOCRATIC REVIEW has heretofore been too high—not for its size cost, and character, but for the means of tens of thousands of readers who would be glad to receive it, and among whom it is highly desirable that it should circulate. For the purpose, therefore, of largely widening the range of its usefulness, and of multiplying the numbers of those to whom it may be accessible, it has been determined, simultaneously with the great reduction in the expenses of the postage, to reduce its subscription price, also, from Five to only Three dollars; and when several unite in subscription to as low as 25c, or even 23c per annum.

This very large reduction in the receipts (accompanied with but a comparatively small diminution of its expenses) involves, of course, an entire sacrifice of profit upon it, unless compensated by a vast multiplication of subscribers. There will be at the outset only a small reduction in its number of pages; soon to be restored to its old number, without increase of price, when the anticipated success of the experiment shall justify it.

THE PORTRAITS OF DISTINGUISHED DEMOCRATS will be continued—engraved in better and more costly style than heretofore.

THE POSTAGE will hereafter, for any distance, be only five and a half cents; it has heretofore been, for over 100 miles, eighteen cents.

We look for an extension of circulation to be reckoned by tens of thousands, as the result and compensation of this great reduction of price. Every friend of the work, and of the Democratic principles and cause, is confidently appealed to, to exert himself with an active interest to procure it subscribers; both to extend its usefulness, and to carry it successfully through the crisis of this great reduction of its receipts.

Those who have paid in advance for the coming year, will receive it, at the reduced rate, for a year and a half.

TERMS HENCEFORWARD.
(Invariably in advance.)

Single copy, \$3 00 | Eight copies, \$20 00
Four copies, 11 00 | Thirteen " 30 00

It will thus be seen that when thirteen copies are ordered at once, the price is brought down to about \$2.30 each. For six months, half these rates.

These rates afford high inducements to agents and others to interest themselves to procure subscribers.

The cash system and payment in advance must be uncompromisingly adhered to. The past relaxation of it has caused an accumulation of not far from \$10,000 of debts due to the work. Hereafter this must be wholly reformed; nor must either eminent political friends, or the most intimate personal ones, be displeased on experiencing its application, in the stoppage of their numbers, if they neglect this rule, the vital necessity of which, at the present reduced rates, must be obvious to all.

No communications will be taken from the Post Office unless free of postage.

All communications, both on editorial and publishing business, must be addressed henceforward to the undersigned. Those relating to the settlement of past debts due the work will be still addressed to Mr. H. G. LANGLEY, 8 Astor House, the past arrangements with whom, as publisher, have reached their termination.

J. L. O'SULLIVAN.
July, 1845, 132 Nassau street, New York.

LAST LIKENESS OF GEN. JACKSON.

The admirable Daguerreotype of General Jackson, taken by Anthony, Edwards & Co. a few weeks before his death, has been purchased for the use of the Democratic Review. It is in the hands of the artist, and will be engraved in the finest style of mezzotint of extra size. It is a most beautiful and interesting work declared by Mr. Van Buren and others to give a more perfect idea of the good and great old man than any other likeness; and ought to be possessed and framed by every friend who loves or reveres his memory. Those who subscribe early will receive it as one of the regular series of Portraits.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of eight writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed and delivered from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House on Monday the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The west half of the south east quarter of section thirty-one township one, north range eight east, containing eighty acres more or less; taken as the property of Stillman Blodgett at the suit of Matthew Chambers and others.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

KALIDA HOTEL.—KALIDA, OHIO.
THE undersigned, having taken the above establishment, is now prepared to furnish the traveling community with accommodations not exceeded by any other hotel in this portion of Ohio.
T. R. McCURE.
Kalida February 20, 1845. 1571f

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a venditioni exponas to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said county on Monday the 6th day of October next, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described tract of land to wit:—
The west part of the east fraction of the south east quarter of section eight, Town one, north range five east containing forty acres. Taken as the property of Daniel Ridenour to satisfy a judgment in favor of Rice and Ayres.
T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida Sept. 1, 1845.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
Kalida Sept. 1, 1845.

ADMINISTRATORS SALE.

I, WHITEFIELD ACKLEY, as Administrator of the estate of Charles Porter, deceased, late of Blanchard township, Putnam County, Ohio, will offer for sale, at public vendue, at the house of Matthew Chambers, in the town of Gilboa in said county, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. on the 27th day of September, in the year 1845, the following described real estate, to wit: The last half of the south east quarter of Section seven Town one north of range eight east, containing 83 acres. Also the north east quarter of the north east quarter of section and range as above, containing forty acres. Also the north west quarter of the north west quarter of section eight township No. one, north of range No. eight east containing forty acres. Terms of sale, one third of the purchase money paid in hand and the balance in two equal annual instalments with interest.

W. ACKLEY, Adm'r.
August 19, 1845. 235ew

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Putnam, made at the May Term of said Court, will be sold to the highest bidder, on the 4th day of October, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M., at the house of Matthew Chambers, in Gilboa, the following real estate, as the property of Samuel Clark, deceased, to wit: The east half of the north east quarter, and the south west quarter of the north east quarter of section thirteen, in town one north of range seven east; containing one hundred and twenty acres, subject to the dower of the widow. Terms of sale, one third in hand, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest. The deferred payments to be secured by mortgage on the premises.

CHRISTIAN HUBER, Adm'r.
August 19, 1845. ew234

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said county on Monday the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M. and four o'clock, P. M. of said day, the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The south west quarter of the north east quarter and the south east quarter of the north west quarter of section fifteen, township one south range seven east containing eighty acres more or less taken as the property of Abel B. Fuller, to satisfy a judgment in favour of James H. Vall.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of common pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said County, on Monday the 6th day of October next, 1845, following described tract of land, to wit:—
The east half of the south west quarter of section No. twenty eight township two south range eight east, containing eighty acres more or less taken as the property of Elijah Ferguson, to satisfy a judgment in favour of Henry Shank.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said County, on Monday the 6th day of October next between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The North West quarter of section No. four, Township No. two, South of Range seven East, also the East half of the North East quarter of section No. five in Township No. two south of Range No. seven East in said county of Putnam, and taken as the property of George H. Stephenson to satisfy a decree in Chancery in favor of Clark H. Rice & David Ayres.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 2d, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of an Execution to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House on Monday the 6th day of October next, 1845 between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and four P. M., the following described tract of land to wit. The south west quarter of North West quarter of section fourteen town 2 south range six east containing forty acres more or less; taken as the property of Nancy Lippencott to satisfy an Execution in favor of J. C. Curtis & Co.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
By J. L. BEAM, Deputy Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE.
Kalida, Sept. 2d, A. D. 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decretal order to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said county on Monday the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
The north west quarter of the north west quarter of Section No. ten town two south range No. seven east situated in said county of Putnam and taken as the property of Robert Tate & John B. Reader to satisfy a decree in Chancery in favour of Clark H. Rice & David Ayres.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1, 1845. 236d

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditioni Exponas to me directed from the Court of Common Pleas of Putnam County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at the door of the Court House in said county, on Monday, the 6th day of October next, 1845, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described tract of land, to wit:—
In lots No. thirty-nine and forty, in the Town of Pindilton in said County, taken as the property of Thomas Wamsley to satisfy two judgments in favor of Thomas Lake and Joseph White.

T. R. McCURE, Sheriff.
Kalida, Sept. 1st, 1845. 236d

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

At our instance, an attachment was this day issued by John Kuhns, a justice of the Peace, of Union Township, Putnam County, against the property and effects of Andrew McCure, a nonresident of said County of Putnam.